

Americans For Fair Taxation®

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The Founding Fathers, being students of History, got it right!

■ 1791: "The Congress shall have power to lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts and excises, to pay the debts and provide for the common defense and general welfare of the United States; but all duties, imposts and excises shall be uniform throughout the United States; ..." Article I, Section 8, Clause 1, United States Constitution

The Founding Fathers, being students of history, got it right!

1791: "No Capitation, or other direct, Tax shall be laid [unless in Proportion to the Census or enumeration herein before directed to be taken.]" <u>Article I, Section 9,</u> <u>Clause 4, United States Constitution</u>

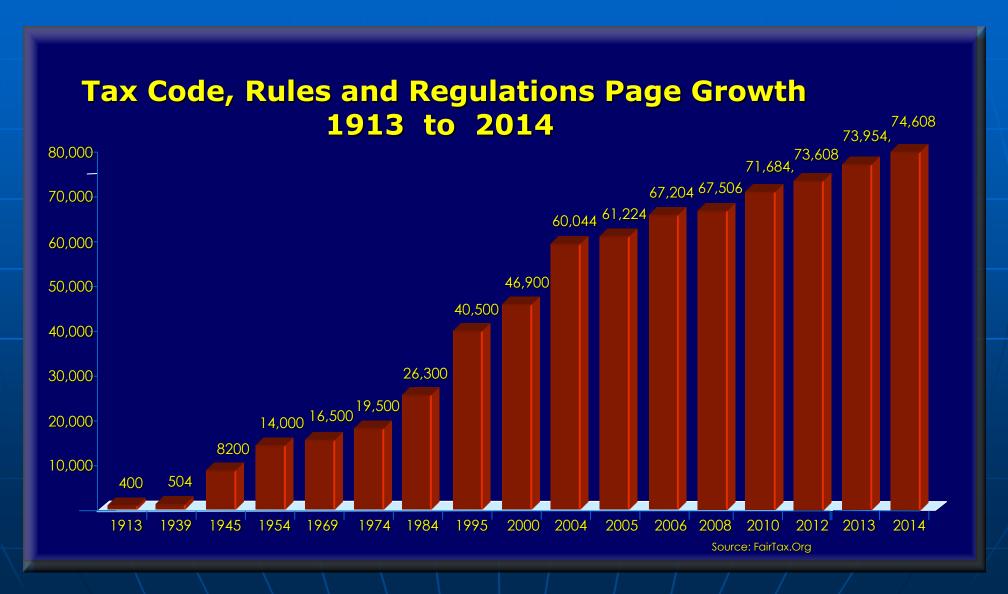
But we chose to ignore their advice and the lessons of history.



■ 1913: "The Congress shall have power to lay and collect taxes on incomes, from whatever source derived, without apportionment among the several States, and without regard to any census or enumeration." 16th Amendment to the Constitution of the United States

The Income Tax was a Flat Income Tax in 1913





What's Wrong with the IRC



★ Internal Revenue Code (IRC) resides in Title 26 of the U.S. Code.

★ The IRC of 1986 is the governing tax code as amended.

★ By 2005 amended over 14,000 times.

★ Updated 969 times by the 110th Congress.



Source: U.S. Dept of the Treasury, Cornell University Law School, Forbes Magazine and Wikipedia

Four Major Issues



Four major economic issues drive us to a consumption tax such as the FairTax

- 1. Embedded Taxes Amounting to an Average of 22%
- 2. Tax Compliance Costs of \$400B \$500B per Year
- 3. An Underground Economy in Excess of \$2 trillion not paying its share
- 4. More than \$15T in offshore financial centers in dollar denominated deposits looking for an opportunity to get into our markets

Who Pays Corporate Taxes? FAIRTA





Embedded Taxes



★ The aggregate of all goods and services are sold with an estimated average embedded tax of 22% (16% - 29%).

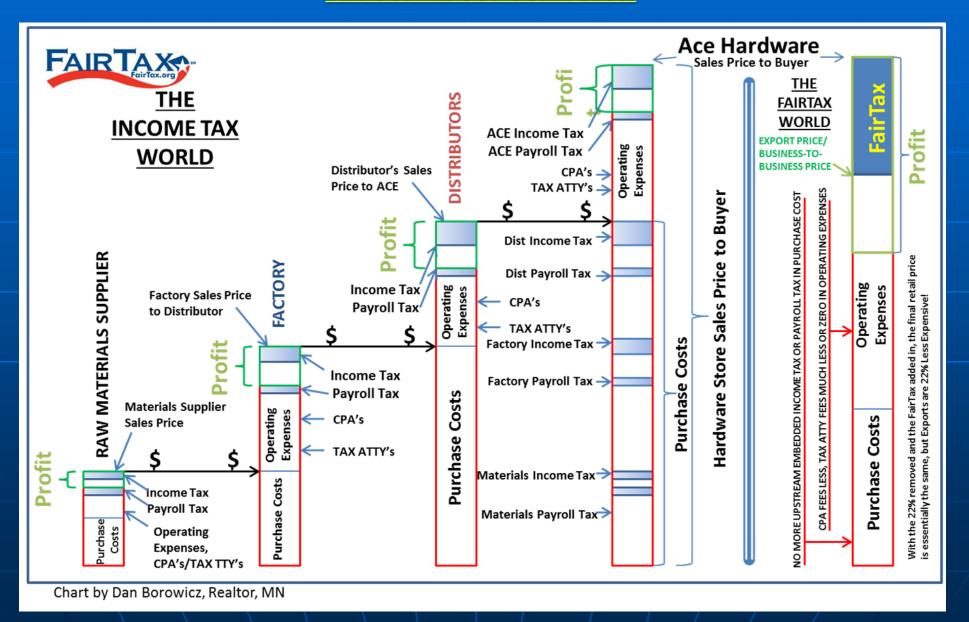
- * Embedded taxes include:
 - Hidden Withholding Taxes
 - Hidden Corporate Taxes
 - Hidden Compliance Costs
 - Cost of Tax Driven Decisions

(See the Hammer Scenario)

Production,
Distribution or
Services Cost

Source: The FairTax Book, FairTax.org

THE HAMMER SCENARIO — A PER/UNIT ANALYSIS APPLIES TO THE SALE OF ANY SERVICE OR PRODUCT BOUGHT IN FINAL PERSONAL CONSUMPTION



FairTax Act



- The FairTax Act of 2015 is HR 25 and S 155
- Totally replaces income tax with consumption tax
- Allows You to Keep Your Whole Paycheck
- Reduces price of goods and services up to 20%
- Collected one time on new goods and services
- Un-Taxes Low Income Earners and Poor: Prebate
- Abolishes the IRS within three years
- Simple and Revenue Neutral
- Invigorates the economy with private funds

Keep Your Whole Paycheck???

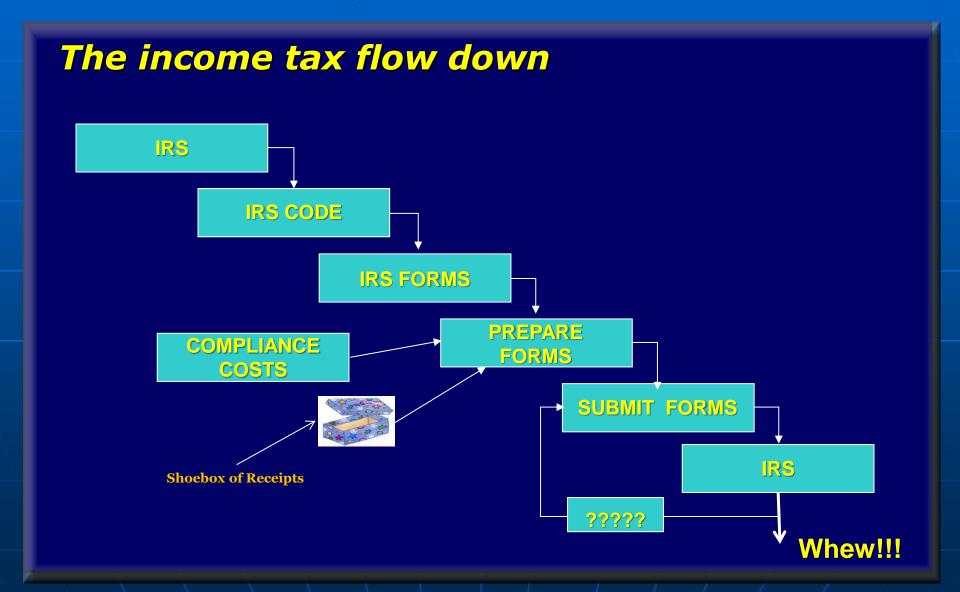


- The FairTax eliminates all forms of income tax
 - Individual income taxes
 - Social Security taxes
 - Medicare taxes
 - Self-Employment taxes
 - Alternative Minimum Taxes
 - Corporate taxes
 - Interest and Dividends taxes
 - Capital Gains, Estate and Gift taxes
- The FairTax eliminates all exemptions
- When enacted, requires repeal of 16th Amendment within seven years
- When enacted, REPLACES income tax, REMOVES embedded taxes

THE TAX SYSTEM TODAY



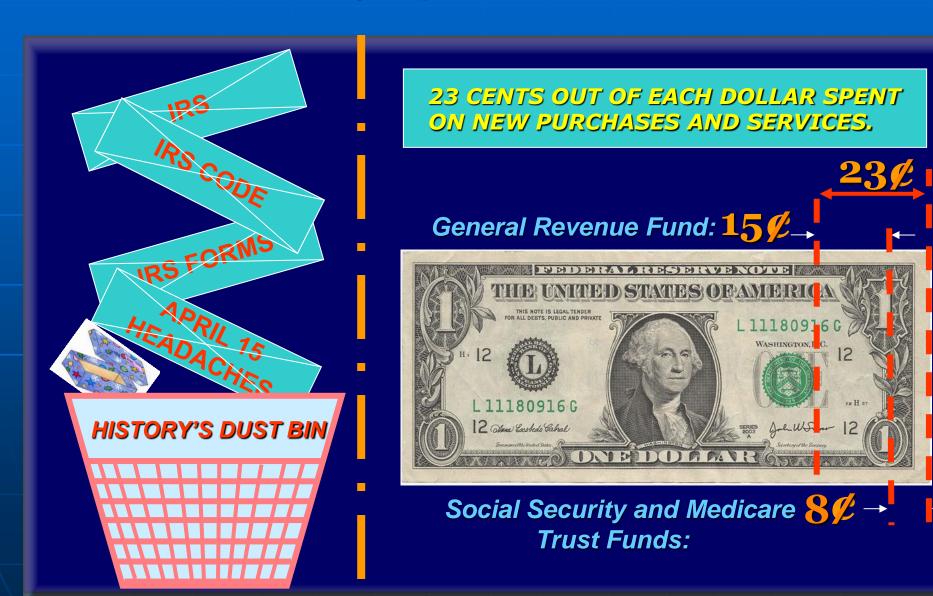
Taxes what you earn



THE FAIRTAX

Taxes what you spend





2015 Fair Tax Rebate Schedule FAIR TAX



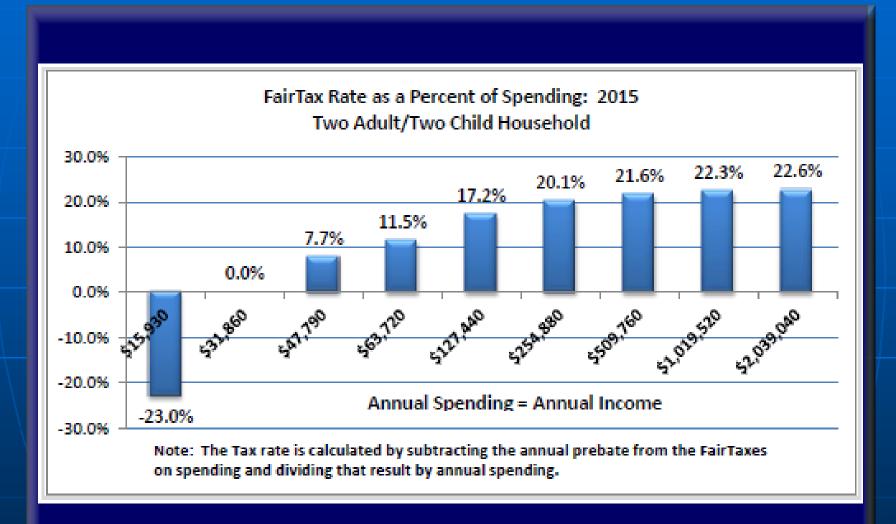
2015 FairTax Prebate Schedule

One-adult household				Two-adult household				
Size of Family	Annual Consumption Allowance	Annual Prebate	Monthly Prebate	Size of Annual Family Consumption Allowance		Annual Prebate	Monthly Prebate	
1 person	\$11,770	\$2,707	\$226	couple	\$23,540	\$5,414	\$451	
and 1 child	\$15,930	\$3,664	\$305	and 1 child	\$27,700	\$6,371	\$531	
and 2 children	\$20,090	\$4,621	\$385	and 2 children	\$31,860	\$7,328	\$611	
and 3 children	\$24,250	\$5,578	\$465	and 3 children	\$36,020	\$8,285	\$690	
and 4 children	\$28,410	\$6,534	\$545	and 4 children	\$40,180	\$9,241	\$770	
and 5 children	\$32,570	\$7,491	\$624	and 5 children	\$44,340	\$10,198	\$850	
and 6 children	\$36,730	\$8,448	\$704	and 6 children	\$48,500	\$11,155	\$930	
and 7 children	\$40,890	\$9,405	\$784	and 7 children	\$52,660	\$12,112	\$1,009	

For Families/households with more than 8 persons, add \$4,160 to the annual consumption allowance for each additional person. The annual consumption allowance is based on the DHHS 2015 HHS Poverty Guidelines as published in the Federal Register, January 22, 2015. The annual prebate equals 23% of the annual consumption allowance.

Effective Tax Rates: 2015





Question?



- Which would you rather do?
 - Pay an average of 33% of what you earn as income tax
 - Pay 23% on what you spend on new goods and services*

* Remember: The rebate totally un-taxes you up to the poverty level

Only Three Forms Required FAIRTA



- **Request for Prebate**
- **Employer Verification of salary for Social Security and Medicare**
- **Retailer's Periodic Submittal of FairTax to the State**

Abolishes the IRS



- Enactment in 2015, FairTax implemented in 2016
- Taxpayers are still required to file their 2015 income tax returns by April 15, 2016
- The IRS remains in place until September 30, 2018 to reconcile tax returns for the 2015 tax year
- All Income Tax Data Destroyed except for FICA
- September 30, 2018 No funding of the IRS beyond this date as specified in Sec. 301 of HR 25 / S 155

Revenue Neutral and Progressive



- Changes from 160 Million Income Tax Filers to 300+ Million Spenders
- Up to 150 Million Foreign Visitors Pay FairTax yearly
- Illegal Immigrants and Criminals contribute (over \$2 Trillion currently not taxed)
- Prebate Un-Taxes Low Wage Earners and the Poor
- Saves Over \$431 Billion in Compliance Costs
- Saves Over \$125 Billion in Tax Driven Decisions
- Collects \$350+ Billion Previously Lost to Tax Evasion
- 6.9 Billion Man-hour Reduction in Compliance and Record Keeping Effort

U.S. -- THE Tax Haven



- Estimated Over \$15 Trillion Exists in Dollar Denominated Off-Shore Accounts
- Dollars to be Safe
- Offshore to be Secret
- Some of it Legit, Some Not!
- Within Months of enacting the FairTax, Money, Manufacturing, Jobs and Many Company Headquarters Would Return to the U.S.
- The American Jobs Creation Act of 2004 is a Case in Point

Things to Remember



With the FairTax

- The Income Tax Law is TOTALLY REPLACED
- Collection is ONLY at the Point of Sale of New Goods and Services
- Everyone Pays at the Cash Register: no Exemptions
- Necessities of Life are Un-taxed Through a Rebate
- Saves Social Security and Medicare for the Near Term
- The Amount Collected is Revenue Neutral
- Over \$15 Trillion Dollars Returns to the U.S. Meaning Manufacturing Facilities, Jobs and even Company Headquarters Return and Revive our Economy
- FAIRTAX: The Real Stimulus Plan!

So ... You Think You Want a Flat Income Tax??



- Which flat income tax bill are you thinking about?
 - HR 1040 in the U.S. House, or
 - HR 1824 in the U.S. House, S 929 in the Senate
- The flat income tax *DOES NOT*:
 - have a coordinated bill in the House and Senate
 - Have over \$22 Million in privately funded scholarly research to back it up
 - Repeal the income tax law
 - Abolish the IRS
 - Require the repeal of the 16th Amendment

The flat income tax IS NOT:



- A replacement for the income tax
- Less oppressive on the low income earner
 - Low income earners still pay 7.65% or 15.3% in FICA taxes
- A long term economic growth vehicle
- A long term jobs bill
- A tax on the wealthy
 - Wealthy people don't have salaries, don't pay FICA taxes
 - Wealthy people live off of investments, capital gains and dividends
 - Steve Forbes, Dick Armey, Mitt Romney and other wealthy people want the flat income tax

The flat income tax in HR 1040 <u>IS</u>:



- In addition to the present income tax make up of over 74,000 pages of federal tax rules
- 19% for the first two years, 17% thereafter
- Actually 34.3% for the first two years, then 32.3% thereafter for the low income earner due to the addition of the regressive FICA tax
- A penalty on young income earners
- Only 19%, then 17% for the wealthy as explained before
- Permanent once chosen (unless congress later changes the law)
- A catalyst for a whole new surge of exemptions for vote buying and favors for large donors
 - An average of two changes per day to the law recorded since 1986 "tax reform"
 - Flat income tax just reboots the congressional exemption factory

Exclusive Tax Rates



Present Income Tax Calculated as Being Exclusive

Inclusive Tax Rate*	Medicare	Social Security	Exclusive Tax Rate	Total Exclusive
10%	1.45%	6.2%	[(10 + 1.45 +6.2)/(100-17.65)] x 100	21.4%
15%	1.45%	6.2%	[(15 + 1.45 +6.2)/(100-22.65)] x 100	29.3%
25%	1.45%	6.2%	[(25 + 1.45 +6.2)/(100-32.65)] x 100	48.5%
28%	1.45%	6.2%	[(28 + 1.45 +6.2)/(100-35.65)] x 100	55.4%
33%	1.45%	6.2%	[(33 + 1.45 +6.2)/(100-40.65)] x 100	68.5%
35%	1.45%	6.2%	[(35 + 1.45 +6.2)/(100-42.65)] x 100	74.4%

Formula: [Inclusive Tax Rate / (100 – Inclusive Tax Rate)] X 100 = Exclusive

^{*} IRS Tax Rates

Exclusive Tax Rates



17% and 19% Flat Income Tax Calculated as Being Exclusive

Inclusive Tax Rate*	Medicare	Social Security	Exclusive Tax Rate	Total Exclusive
17%	1.45%	6.2%	[(17 + 1.45 + 6.2/(100 - 24.65] X 100	32.7%
19%	1.45%	6.2%	[(19 + 1.45 + 6.2/(100 - 26.65] X 100	36.3%

^{*} Flat Income Tax Rates

Wages Needed to Have \$100 to Spend - 2015



Employment Status	2015 Income Tax Bracket						
Linployment Status	10%	15%	25%	28%	33%**	35%**	
Percent of total tax returns in							
bracket*	27.4%	41.8%	23.5%	4.5%	1.8%	1.0%	
Employee							
Gross Earnings	\$121.43	\$129.28	\$148.48	\$155.40	\$149.25	\$153.85	
Income Tax	\$12.14	\$19.39	\$37.12	\$43.51	\$49.25	\$53.85	
Payroll tax at 7.65%	\$9.29	\$9.89	\$11.36	\$11.89	\$0.00	\$0.00	
Available Spending	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	
Self-employed person							
Gross Earnings	\$133.87	\$143.47	\$167.50	\$176.37	\$149.26	\$153.84	
Income Tax	\$13.39	\$21.52	\$41.88	\$49.38	\$49.26	\$53.84	
Payroll tax at 15.3%	\$20.48	\$21.95	\$25.63	\$26.98	\$0.00	\$0.00	
Available Spending	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	

^{*}All filing statuses combined: married joint, married separate, single, single head of household **Income for these brackets exceed payroll tax wage cap(\$118,500), so no effect.

Note: Self-employed persons pay both the employee and employer share of payroll taxes.